

Drude-Lorentz Model

ART. XXV.—*On a New Action of the Magnet on Electric Currents*,*
by E. H. HALL, Fellow of the Johns Hopkins University.

Some of the series seemed to show a slight increase of resistance due to the action of the magnet, some a slight decrease, the greatest change indicated by any complete series being a decrease of about one part in a hundred and fifty thousand. Nearly all the other series indicated a much smaller change, the average change shown by the thirteen series being a decrease of about one part in five millions.

Apparently, then, the magnet's action caused no change in the resistance of the coil.



Edwin Hall
1855-1938

Table 1.4

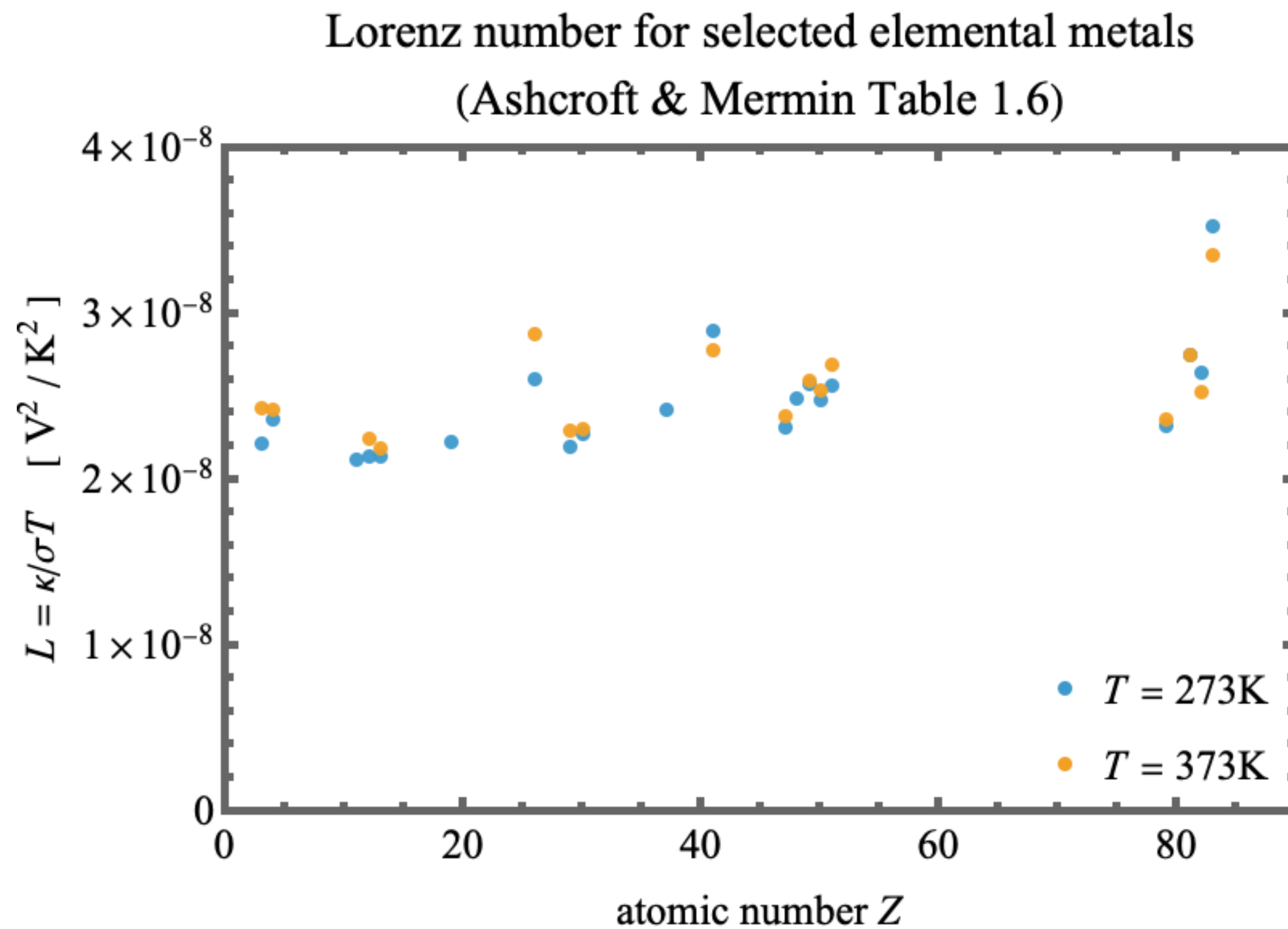
HALL COEFFICIENTS OF SELECTED ELEMENTS IN MODERATE TO HIGH FIELDS^a

METAL	VALENCE	$-1/R_H n e c$
Li	1	0.8
Na	1	1.2
K	1	1.1
Rb	1	1.0
Cs	1	0.9
Cu	1	1.5
Ag	1	1.3
Au	1	1.5
Be	2	-0.2
Mg	2	-0.4
In	3	-0.3
Al	3	-0.3

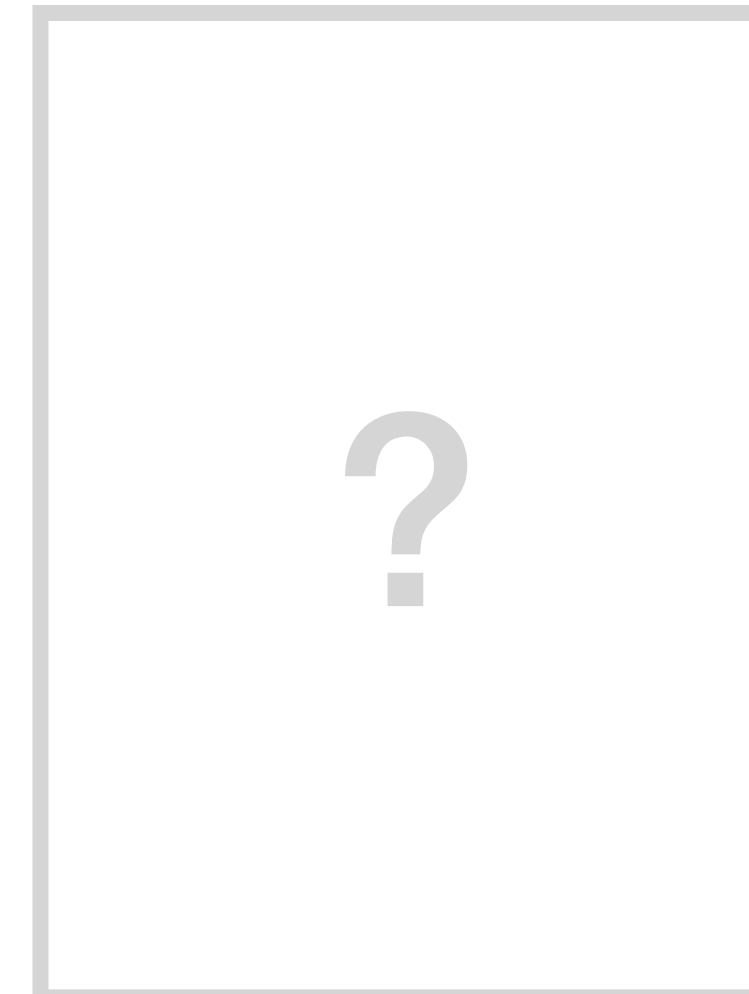
^a These are roughly the limiting values assumed by R_H as the field becomes very large (of order 10^4 G), and the temperature very low, in carefully prepared specimens. The data are quoted in the form n_0/n , where n_0 is the density for which the Drude form (1.21) agrees with the measured R_H : $n_0 = -1/R_H e c$. Evidently the alkali metals obey the Drude result reasonably well, the noble metals (Cu, Ag, Au) less well, and the remaining entries, not at all.



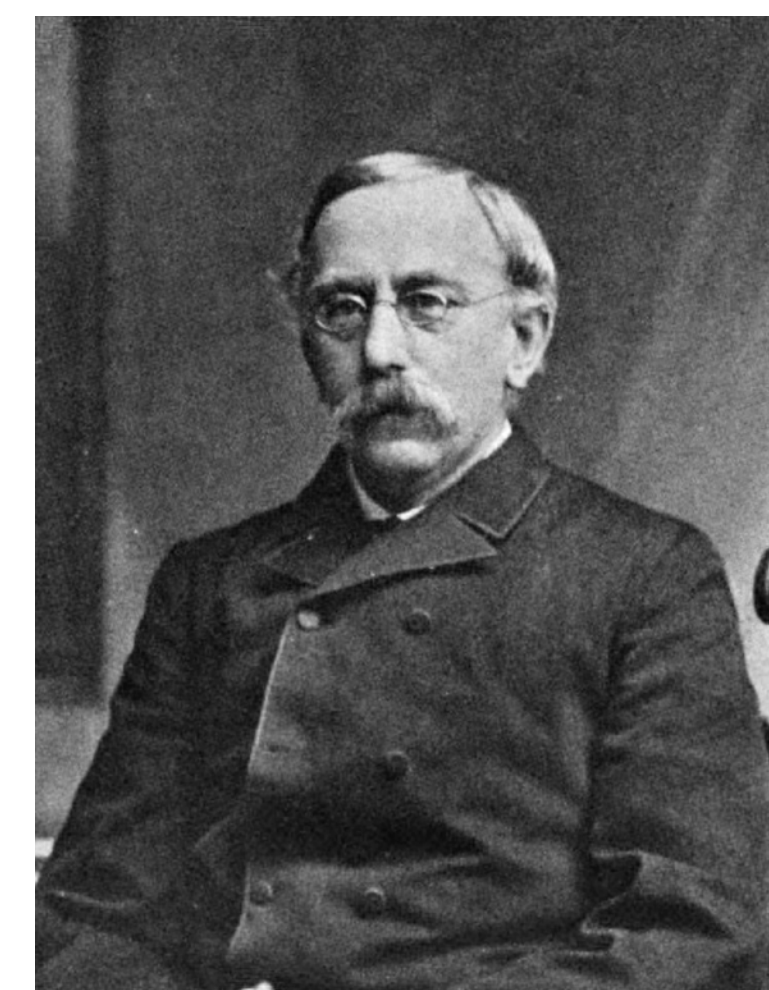
Edwin Hall
1855-1938



Gustav Wiedemann
1826-1899

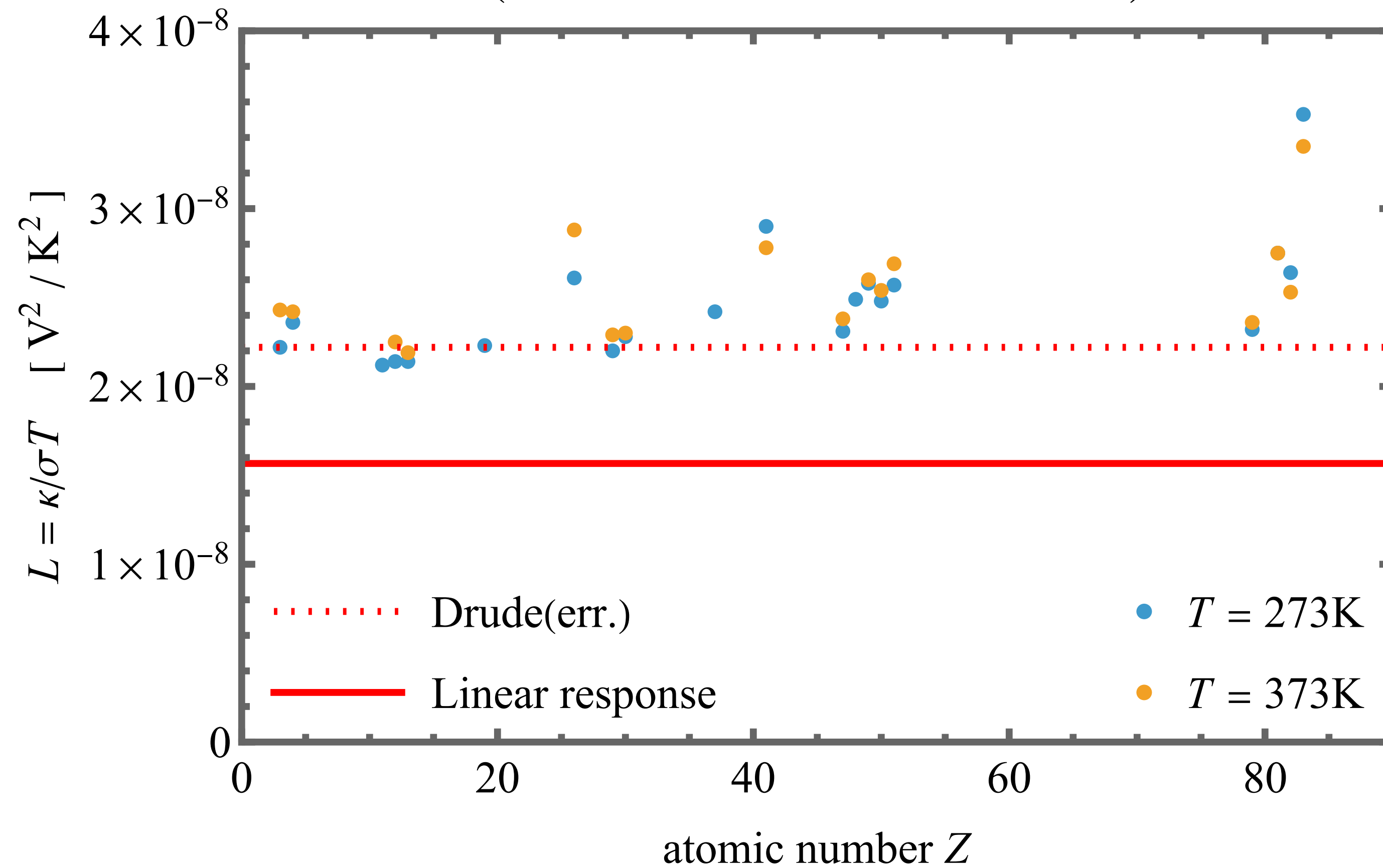


Rudolf Franz
1826-1902

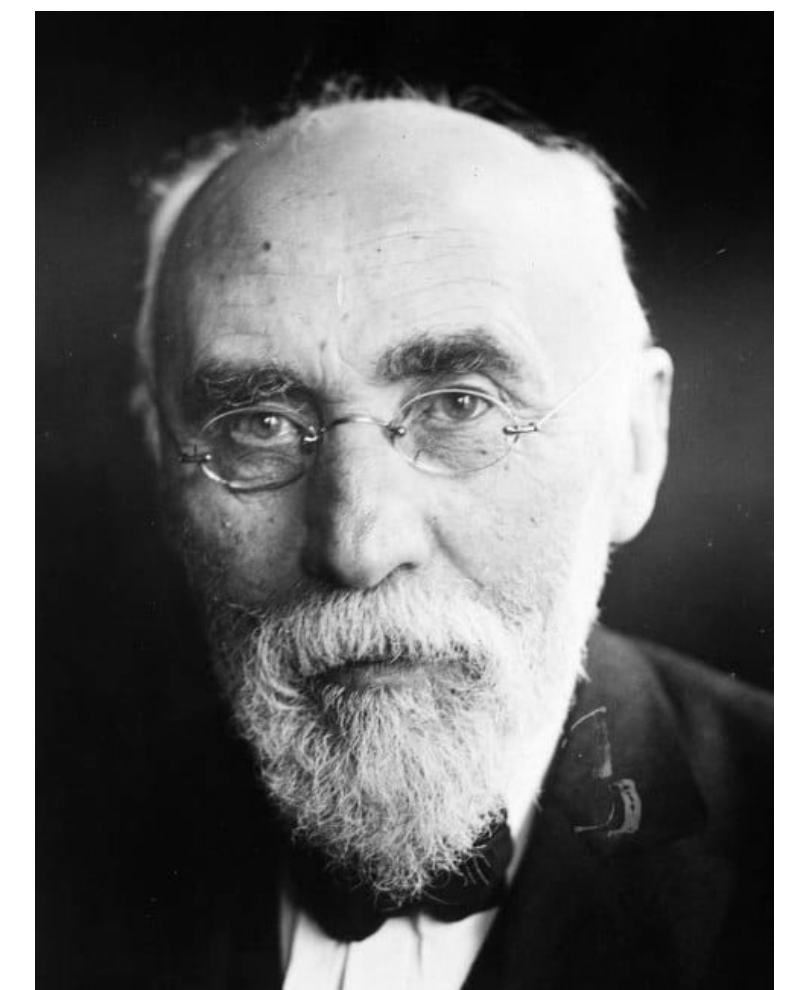


Ludvig Lorenz
1829-1891

Lorenz number for selected elemental metals (Ashcroft & Mermin Table 1.6)



Paul Drude
1863-1906



Hendrik A Lorentz
1853-1928
Nobel Prize in 1902

Drude + linear response:

$$S = -\frac{k_B}{e} = -86\mu\text{V/K}$$

Table 1.1 Seebeck coefficient values of different materials at $T = 273\text{ K}$

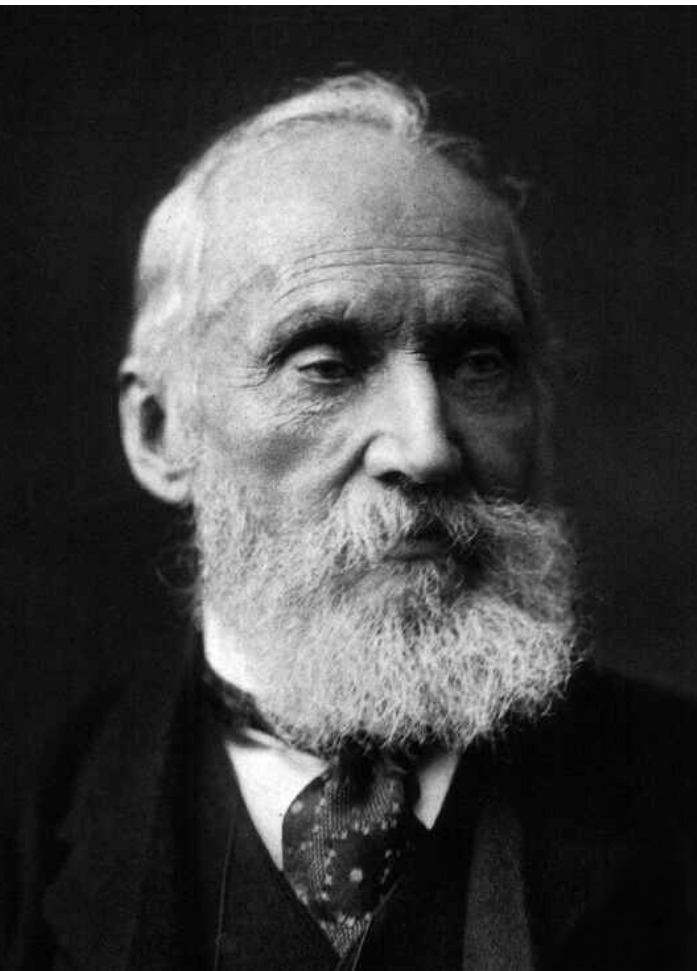
Metal	$S\ (\mu\text{VK}^{-1})$	Metal	$S\ (\mu\text{VK}^{-1})$
Ni	−18.0	Pd	−9.00
Pt	−4.45	Pb	−1.15
V	+0.13	W	+0.13
Rh	+0.48	Ag	+1.38
Cu	+1.70	Au	+1.79
Mo	+4.71	Cr	+18.0



Thomas Seebeck
1770-1831

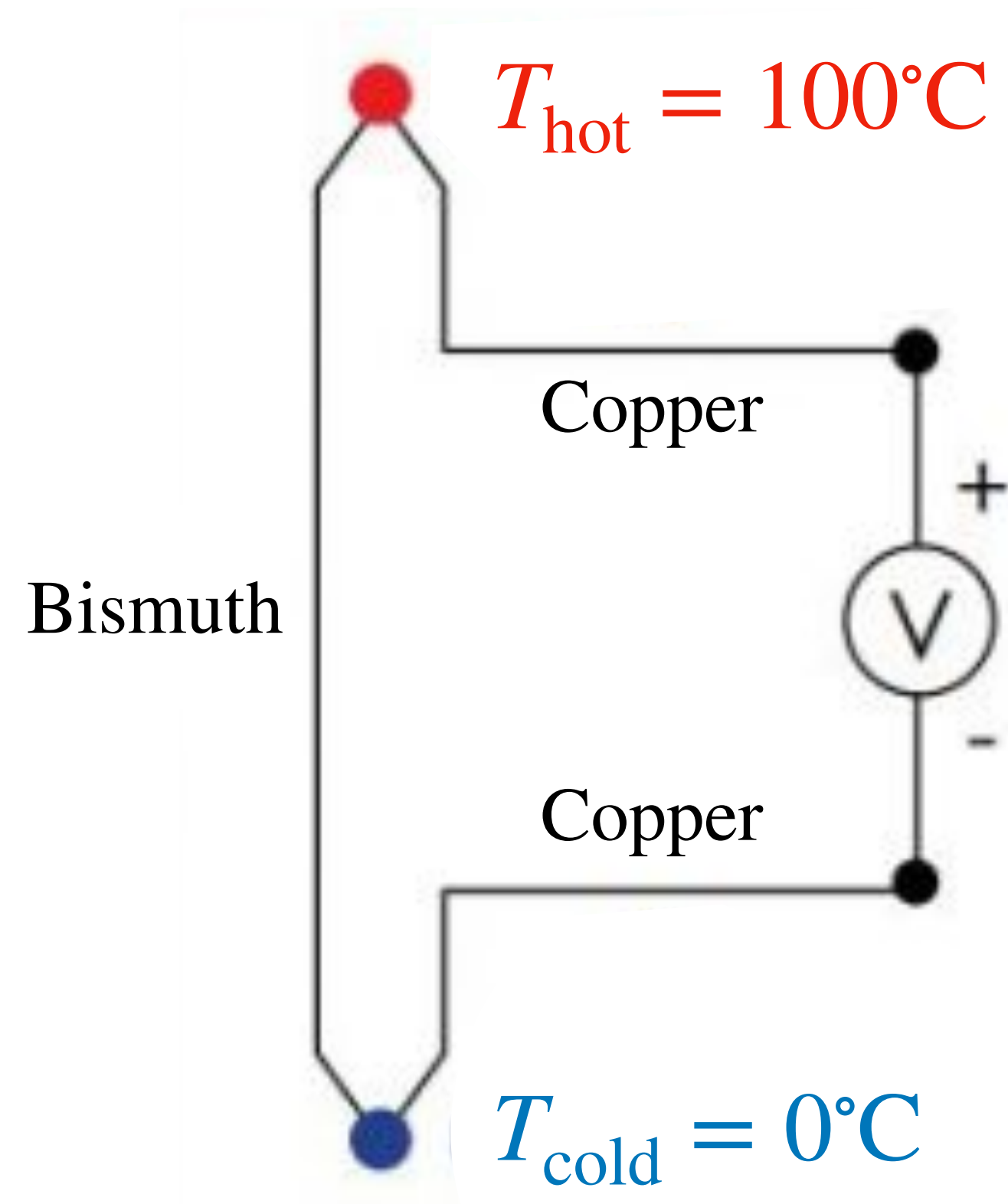


Hans Christian Ørsted
1777-1851



Lord Kelvin
1824-1907

Macia, Enrique, ed. "Thermoelectric materials: advances and applications." (2015).



Georg Ohm
1789-1854